BSD & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Branch Office Delhi: 810, 8th Floor, Antriksh Bhawan, 22 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi-110001 (Delhi) Tel.: 011-43029888, Email id: delhi@bsdgroup.in Website: www.bsdgroup.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Omaxe World Street Private Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Omaxe World Street Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to Standalone Financial Statement including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015,as amended and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2021, and profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note no. 46 to standalone financial statements which describes the Management's assessment of impact of outbreak of Covid-19 on business operations of the company. The Management of the company have concluded that no adjustments are required to be made in financial statements as it does not impact current financial year, however, various preventive measures taken by Government are still in force leading to highly uncertain economic environment, therefore, the Management's assessment of impact on subsequent period is highly dependent on situations/circumstances as they evolve. The company continues to monitor the impact of covid-19 on its business including its impact on customer, associates, contractors, vendors etc. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters ("KAM") are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of the most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Description of Key Audit Matters

Sr.	Key Audit Matters	How that matter was addressed in our audit
No.	D L	report
	Revenue recognition The application of Ind AS 115 accounting standard involves certain key judgment's relating to identification of contracts with customer, identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period. Additionally, new revenue accounting standard contains disclosures which involves collation of information in respect of disaggregated revenue and periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date. Refer Note 25 to the Standalone Financial Statements	Our audit procedure on revenue recognition from real estate projects included: • Selecting sample to identify contracts with customers, identifying separate performance obligation in the contracts, determination of transaction price and allocating the transaction price to separate performance obligation. • On selected samples, we tested that the revenue recognition is in accordance with accounting standards by i) Reading, analyzing and identifying the distinct performance obligations in real estate projects. ii) Comparing distinct performance obligations in real estate projects. iii) Reading terms of agreement to determine transaction price including variable consideration to verify transaction price used to recognize revenue. iv) Performing, analytical procedures to verify reasonableness of revenue accounted by the Company.
2	Liability for Non-performance of real estate agreements/ civil law suits against the Company	
	The Company may be liable to pay damages/ interest for specific non-performance of certain real estate agreements, civil cases preferred against the Company for specific performance of the land agreement, the liability on account of these, if any have not been estimated and disclosed as contingent liability. Refer Note 35 to the Standalone Financial	We obtained details/ list of pending civil cases and also reviewed on sample basis real estate agreements, to ascertain damages on account of non-performance of those agreement and discussed with the legal team of the Company to evaluate Management position.
	Statements Standardie Financial	New Delhi

3 Inventories

The company's inventories comprise mainly of Building materials and consumables, land and project in progress.

The inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). NRV of completed property is assessed by reference to market price existing at the reporting date and based on comparable transactions made by the company and/or identified by the company properties for in same geographical area. NRV of properties under construction is assessed with reference to market value of completed property as at the reporting date less estimated cost to complete.

The carrying value of inventories is significant part of the total assets of the company and involves significant estimates and judgments in assessment of NRV. Accordingly, it has been considered as key audit matter.

Our audit procedures to assess the net realizable value (NRV) of the inventories include the following:

• We had discussions with Management to understand Management's process and methodology to estimate NRV, including key assumptions used and we also verified project wise un-sold area and recent sale prices and also estimated cost of construction to complete projects.

4 <u>Recognition and measurement of</u> <u>deferred tax assets</u>

Under Ind AS, the company is required to reassess recognition of deferred tax asset at each reporting date. The company has deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward losses and other temporary differences, as set out in Note no 5 and 33 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The company's deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward business losses are based on the projected profitability. This is determined on the basis of business plans demonstrating availability of sufficient taxable income to utilize such brought forward business loss.

We have identified recognition of deferred tax assets as key audit matter because of the related complexity and subjectivity of the assessment process. The assessment process is based on assumptions affected by expected future market or economic conditions.

Our Audit procedures include:

- Understood the business plans and projected profitability for the existing ongoing projects.
- We tested the computations of amount and tax rate used for recognition of deferred tax assets.
- We verified the disclosure made by the company in respect of deferred tax assets.

Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report,

Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Results

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has

adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms) of section 143 (11) of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure I" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-II". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us no remuneration was paid by the company to its directors during the year.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountant Firm's Registration N

Sujata Sharm Partner

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFB3027

Place: New Delhi Date: 26th June 2021

Annexure I to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report to the members of Omaxe World Street Private Limited of even date)

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the Management at the reasonable intervals, which in our opinion, is considered reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company does not hold any immovable property.
- ii. The inventory includes land, building material and consumables and project in progress. Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management and discrepancies noticed which were not material in nature have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, during the year the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firm, or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of Cost Records under section 148 of the Act, and are of opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained, however, we have not made the detailed examination of such cost records.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) Amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee state insurance, income tax, duty of customs, Cess, Goods and Service Tax (GST) and other material statutory dues have not been regularly deposited during the year by the company with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) No undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income Tax, duty of customs, Cess, Goods & Service Tax (GST) and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There are no material dues of income tax, duty of custom, or duty of excise, or value added tax, Cess or Goods & Service Tax (GST) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks, financial institutions and debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans were generally applied for the purpose for which those are raised. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year
- xii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants, Firm's Registration No.3000312S

New Delhi

Sujata\Sna Partner\

Membership No: 087

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFB3027

Place: New Delhi Date: 26th June 2021

Annexure II to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Omaxe World Street Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Omaxe World Street Private Limited** ("the Company") as at 31 March 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (a) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (b) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of Management and directors of the company; and
- (c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by ICAI.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants & Firm's Registration No. 2009.

Sujata\Sharma Partner\

Membership No: 0879

UDIN: 21087919AAAAFB3027

New Delhi

Place: New Delhi Date: 26th June 2021

(Formerly Known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited) Regd. Office: Sector 79 O,Omaxe City centre Faridabad, Flaryana-121004 CIN: U74120HR2007PTC036993

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

			(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	88,44,418.45	78,07,689.62
b) Other Intangible Assets	2	51,447.07	7,573.16
c) Financial Assets			
i) Investments	3	4,00,000.00	4,00,000.00
ii) Loans	4	35,03,450.00	14,62,050.00
iii) Other financial assets	5	55,94,971.92	56,86,380.92
d) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	6	4,09,16,281.00	4,91,80,197.00
e) Non-Current Tax Assets (net)		30,78,233.09	79,40,340.27
f) Other Non-Current Assets	7	25,95,342.70	20,04,519.48
,		6,49,84,144.23	7,44,88,750.45
Current Assets			
a) Inventories	8	4,61,05,01,212.77	3,49,37,79,003.49
b) Financial Assets	•		
i) Trade Receivables	9	6,39,13,855.51	5,94,36,243.35
ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79
iii) Other bank balances	11	3,00,04,414.00	-
iv) Loans	12	-	2,87,800.00
v) Other Financial Assets	13	1,19,92,97,300.39	1,06,31,65,321.79
c) Other Current Assets	14	75,24,10,818.29	81,22,41,695.57
,		6,78,84,84,613.55	5,44,17,18,619.99
TOTAL ASSETS		6,85,34,68,757.78	5,51,62,07,370.44
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity Share Capital	15	38,00,00,000.00	38,00,00,000.00
b) Other Equity		(1,79,55,709.16)	(2,98,19,960.55)
		36,20,44,290.84	35,01,80,039.45
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	10,44,758.00	15,41,545.00
ii) Other Financial Liabilities	17	1,91,60,124.83	4,54,48,564.64
b) Other non Current Liabilities	18	18,76,097.58	19,70,588.49
c) Provisions	19	72,88,665.00	62,69,549.00
,		2,93,69,645.41	5,52,30,247.13



Current liabilities a) Financial Liabilities i) Borrowings 20 22.51,68,081.00 5.00,000,00 ii) Trade Payables 21 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 4,35,03,182.50 2,14,46,275.50 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 61,18,28,412.16 50,48,37,952.32 iii) Other Financial Liabilities 22 37,77,55,907.72 37,65,88,782.01 b) Other Current Liabilities 23 4,20,72,97,249.03

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

A

24

Significant accounting policies Notes on financial statements

1 - 48

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD&Co.

c) Provisions

(Regn. No. -00031

Chartered Accou

Partner M.No. 087919 Pavan Agarwal

Director

DIN: 02295157

Parmod Kumar

5,20,36,52,129.15

6,46,20,54,821.53

6,85,34,68,757.78

1,47,109.00

Director

DIN: 01484427

Place: New Delhi Date: 26 June 2021

Chief Financial officer

Company Secretary

1,26,825.00

5,11,07,97,083.86

5,51,62,07,370.44

(Formerly Known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited) Regd. Office: Sector 79 O,Omaxe City centre Faridabad,Haryana-121004 CIN: U71120HR2007PTC036993

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

			(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
REVENUE	7*11.7111		- Will -
Revenue from Operations	25	26,34,97,557.38	51,40,14,926.63
Other Income	26	23,78,915.24	37,31,859.93
TOTAL INCOME	-	26,58,76,472.62	51,77,46,786.56
EXPENSES			
Cost of Material Consumed, Construction & Other Related			
Project Cost	27	50,63,98,115.29	36,16,22,705.88
Changes in Inventories of Projects in Progress	28	(29,59,00,881.10)	10,56,89,922.05
Employee Benefits Expense	29	15,37,205.00	6,78,954.00
Finance Costs	30	1,70,83,361.87	52,10,659.30
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	31	17,07,999.33	19,26,086.67
Other Expenses	32	1,49,65,076.84	53,50,389.78
TOTAL EXPENSES	-	24,57,90,877.23	48,04,78,717.68
Profit Before Tax		2,00,85,595.39	3,72,68,068.88
Tax Expense	33	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00
Profit For The Year (A)	-	1,18,32,394.39	1,55,02,119.88
Other Comprehensive Income			
1) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Remeasurements of the Net Defined Benefit Plans Tax on Remeasurements of The Net Defined Benefit Plans -		42,572.00	6,30,229.00
Actuarial Gain or Loss		(10,715.00)	(2,18,444.00)
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (B)	-	31,857.00	4,11,785.00
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (comprising of profit for the year and other comprehensive income/(loss))	-		
(A+B)	=	1,18,64,251.39	1,59,13,904.88
Earning Per Equity Share-Basic & Diluted (In Rupees)	34	0.31	0.41
Significant accounting policies	A		
Notes on financial statements	1 - 48		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements. As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD&Co.

Partner M. No.087919

Pavan Agarwal Director

DIN-02295157

Parmod Kumar

Director

DIN: 01484427

Payal Sharma

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date:26 June 2021

Chief Financial officer

(Formerly Known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited)
Regd. Office: Sector 79 O,Omaxe City centre Faridabad,Haryana-121004
CIN: U74120HR2007PTC036993

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended March 31,2021

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Numbers	Amount in Rupees	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2019-20	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	
Balance as at 1 April 2020	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2020-21	-	- · ·	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	

B. Other Equity

(Amount in Rupees)

	Attributable to the owners of Omaxe World Street Private Limited				
Description	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	(4,41,32,839.57)	(16,01,025.86)	(4,57,33,865.43)		
Profit for the year	1,55,02,119.88	~	1,55,02,119.88		
Other Comprehensive Income	_	4,11,785.00	4,11,785.00		
Balance as at 31 March 2020	(2,86,30,719.69)	(11,89,240.86)	(2,98,19,960.55)		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	(2,86,30,719.69)	(11,89,240.86)	(2,98,19,960.55)		
Profit for the year	1,18,32,394.39	- 1	1,18,32,394.39		
Other Comprehensive Income	_	31,857.00	31,857.00		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	(1,67,98,325.30)	(11,57,383.86)	(1,79,55,709.16)		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD & Co.

Chartered Accountants & (Regn. No. -0003) 289003

Sujata Sharma

Partner \

M.No. 087919

Pavan Agarwal

Director

DIN: 02295157

Parmod Kumar

Director

DIN: 01484427

Paval Sharma

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 26 June 2021

Chief Executive officer

Arun Kumar Gupta Chief Financial officer

(Formerly Known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited) Regd. Office: Sector 79 O,Omaxe City centre Faridabad,Harvana-121004 CIN: U74120HR2007PTC036993

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31,2021

		1444	(Amount in Rupees)
	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
A.	Cash flow from operating activities	DA PAGE CHI MUMA	31 17101 CH 2020
	Profit for the year before tax	2,00,85,595.39	3,72,68,068.88
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortization expense	24,09,805.98	29,68,289.03
	Interest income	(11,13,355.44)	(4,70,599.73)
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	(81,053.02)	(2,07,626.53)
	Interest and finance charges	7,78,89,079.00	6,77,30,850.40
	Bad debts and advance written off	170.72	11,117.00
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(34,297.86)	(19,65,965.67)
	Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	9,91,55,944.77	10,53,34,133.38
	Adjustments for working capital		
	Inventories	(1,11,67,22,209.28)	11,45,90,353.11
	Trade receivables	(44,77,612.16)	(2,04,09,124.39)
	Loans	(17,53,600.00)	_
	Other financial assets	(9,61,278.08)	(24,84,87,866.55)
	Other non-financial Assets	(7,57,00,116.66)	(6,74,83,075.49)
	Trade payable and other financial and non financial liabilities	1,03,64,27,917.34	10,18,05,024.05
		(16,31,86,898.84)	(11,99,84,689.27)
	Net cash flow generated from/(used in) operating activities	(6,40,30,954.07)	(1,46,50,555.89)
	Direct tax (paid)/refund	48,62,107.18	(15,01,447.00)
	Net cash generated from/(used in) Operating activities (A)	(5,91,68,846.89)	(1,61,52,002.89)
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of fixed assets (including Capital work in progress)	(44,92,055.70)	(19,02,564.23)
	Sale of fixed assets	10,82,700.00	16,46,643.00
	Interest received	4,92,764.00	1,93,704.00
	Movement in Bank deposits	(2,96,17,605.00)	(52,93,044.00)
	Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities (B)	(3,25,34,196.70)	(53,55,261.23)
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceed from Borrowings(net)	21.02.24.077.70	(12 45 777 00)
	Interest and finance charges paid	21,92,24,966.70	(13,45,766.90)
	Net cash (used in)/generated from Financing activities (C)	(79,73,466.31)	(2,87,43,586.82)
	rver cash (used my/generated from Financing activities (C)	21,12,51,500.39	(3,00,89,353.72)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	11,95,48,456.80	(5,15,96,617.84)
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,28,08,555.79	6,44,05,173.63
	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79

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		:Amount in Rupces:
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash on hand	8,44,344.00	5,81,886.00
Balance with banks	12,94,37,799.59	1,22,26,669.79
Cheques on hand	20,74,869.00	n.
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		
	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79
RECONCILIATION STATEMENT OF CASH AND	BANK BALANCES	
		(Amount in Rupees)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Year Ended	Year Ended
FOR THE TEAR ENDED	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year as per above	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79
Add: Fixed deposits with banks (lien marked)	3,00,04,414.00	-
Cash and bank balance as per balance sheet (refer note 10 & 11)	16,23,61,426.59	1,28,08,555.79

DISCLOSURE AS	REQUIRED	BY IND AS 7
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			(:	Amount in Rupees)
31-Mar-21	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	Closing balance
Long term secured borrowings	24,85,269.30	(7,75,033.30)	-	17,10,236.00
Short term unsecured borrowings	5,00,000.00	22,00,00,000.00	46,68,081.00	22,51,68,081.00
Total liabilities from financial activities	29,85,269.30	21,92,24,966.70	46,68,081.00	22,68,78,317.00

				(Amount in Rupees)
31-Mar-20	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	Closing balance
Long term secured borrowings	38,31,036.20	(13,45,766.90)	-	24,85,269.30
Short term unsecured borrowings	5,00,000.00	-		5,00,000.00
Total liabilities from financial activities	43,31,036.20	(13,45,766.90)	-	29,85,269.30

Note:- Depreciation includes amount charged to cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD&Co. 66 D 8 0

Partner M.No. 087919

Pavan Agarwal

Director DIN:02295157

Parmod Kumar

Director DIN: 01484427

Place: New Delhi Date: 26 June 2021

A Significant Accounting Policies:

1 Corporate information

Omaxe World Street Private Limited (Formerly known as Robust Buildwell Private Limited) ("The Company") is a entity incorporated in India. Registered address of the Company is sector 79,Omaxe City Centre Faridabad,Haryana-121004.

The Company is into the business of Real Estate.

2 Significant Accounting Policies:

(i) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the period presented.

(ii) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers.

(a) Real estate projects

The company derives revenue from execution of real estate projects. Revenue from Real Estate project is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework in determining whether how much and when revenue is to be recognised.

Revenue from real estate projects are recognised upon transfer of control of promised real estate property to customer at an amount that reflects the consideration which the company expects to receive in exchange for such booking and is based on following 6 steps:

1. Identification of contract with customers

The company accounts for contract with a customer only when all the following criteria are met:

- Parties (i.e. the company and the customer) to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations.
- The company can identify each customer's right regarding the goods or services to be transferred.
- The company can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred.
- The contract has commercial substance (i.e. risk, timing or amount of the company's future cash flow is expected to change as a result of the contract) and
- It is probable that the company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. Consideration may not be the same due to discount rate etc.
- 2. Identify the separate performance obligation in the contract:-

Performance obligation is a promise to transfer to a customer:

- Goods or services or a bundle of goods or services i.e. distinct or a series of goods or services that are substantially the same and are transferred in the same way.
- If a promise to transfer goods or services is not distinct from goods or services in a contract, then the goods or services are combined in a single performance obligation.
- The goods or services that is promised to a customer is distinct if both the following criteria are met:
- The customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. The goods or services are capable of being distinct) and
- The company's promise to transfer the goods or services to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract (i.e The goods or services are distinct within the context of the contract).

3. Satisfaction of the performance obligation:-

The company recognizes revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or services to the customer.

The real estate properties are transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of Property.

4 Determination of transaction price:-

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to customer excluding GST.

The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amount, variable amount or both. In determining transaction price, the company assumes that goods or services will be transferred to the customer as promised in accordance with the existing contract and the contract can't be cancelled, renewed or modified

5 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligation:-

The allocation of the total contract price to various performance obligation are done based on their standalone selling prices, the stand

alone selling price is the price at which the company would sell promised goods or services separately to the customers. 6.Recognition of revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation:

Performance obligation is satisfied over time or at a point in time.

Performance obligation is satisfied over time if one of the criteria out of the following three is met:

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- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes a benefit provided by the company's performance as the company performs.
- The company's performance creates or enhances an asset that a customer controls as asset is created or enhanced
- The company's performance doesn't create an asset within an alternative use to the company and the company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Therefore the revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done over time if one of the criteria is met out of the above three else revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done at point in time.

The company disaggregate revenue from real estate projects on the basis of nature of revenue.

(b) Project Management Fee

Project Management fee is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation as per agreed terms.

(c) Interest Income

Interest due on delayed payments by customers is accounted on accrual basis.

(d)Income from trading sales

Revenue from trading activities is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation.

(e) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

(iii) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (including real estate projects) are considered as part of the cost of the asset/project. All other borrowing costs are treated as period cost and charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which incurred.

(iv) Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management estimates the useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in the case of steel shuttering and scaffolding, whose life is estimated as five years considering obsolescence.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

(v) Intangible Assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement (amortization and useful lives)

Intangible assets comprising of ERP & other computer software are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and are amortised over a period of four years on straight line method.

(vi) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

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(vii) Financial Instruments

(a) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs

Subsequent measurement

- (1) Financial instruments at amortised cost the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are mer:
- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

All other debt instruments are measured at Fair Value through other comprehensive income or Fair value through profit and loss based on

Company's business model.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities are also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or on the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.

(c) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified party fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of expected loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 43 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

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(viii) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell as asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs:

- Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- •Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfer have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(ix) Inventories and Projects in progress

(a) Inventories

- (i) Building material and consumable stores are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of the 'First in First out' method.
- (ii) Land is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all related costs.
- (iii) Construction work in progress is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of materials, services and other related overheads related to project under construction.

(b) Projects in progress

Projects in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of land, development rights, materials, construction, services, borrowing costs and other overheads relating to projects.

(x) Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in currency INR, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

(b) Foreign currency transactions and balances

- i. Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of respective transactions.
- ii. Financial assets and financial liabilities in foreign currencies existing at balance sheet date are translated at year-end rates.
- iii. Foreign currency translation differences related to acquisition of imported fixed assets are adjusted in the carrying amount of the related fixed assets. All other foreign currency gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(xi) Retirement benefits

- i. Contributions payable by the Company to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund, family pension fund and employee state insurance are charged to the statement of profit and loss.
- ii. The Company is having Group Gratuity Scheme with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Provision for gratuity is made based on actuarial valuation in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iii. Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leave standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iv. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

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(xii) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when:

- the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- · a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

(xiii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.

(xiv) Lease

The Company has applied Ind AS 116 w.e.f 01.04.2019. In accordance with INDAS 116, The company recognises right of use assets representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of right of use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before commencement date less any lease incentive received plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of cost to be incurred by lessee in dismantling and removing underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liability. The right of use assets is depreciated using the Straight Line Method from the commencement date over the charter of lease term or useful life of right of use asset. The estimated useful life of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of Property, Plant and Equipment. Right of use asset are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification or to reflect revised-in-substance fixed lease payments. The company recognises amount of re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to write off use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of right of use assets is reduced to zero and there is further reduction in measurement of lease liability, the company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company has elected not to apply the requirements of INDAS 116 to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less unless renewable on long term basis and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense over lease term.

(xv) Income Taxes

- i. Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity)
- ii. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(xvi) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprises cash at bank and cash on hand, demand deposits and short term deposits which are subject to an insignificant change in value.

The amendment to Ind AS-7 requires entities to provide disclosure of change in the liabilities—arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non cash—changes (such as foreign exchange gain or loss). The Company has provided information for—both current and comparative period in cash flow statement.

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(xvii) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainity

Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimation of uncertainty related to Global Health Pandemic from COVID-19

The Company has assessed the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the carrying amounts of Receivables, Inventories, Investments and other assets & liabilities. In Considering the assessment, the company has considered internal information and is highly dependent on estimates and circumstances as they evolve.

(a) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Estimation of uncertainty

(a) Recoverability of advances/receivables

At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

(b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

(c) Provisions

At each balance sheet date on the basis of management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

(d) Inventories

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV).

NRV for completed inventory is assessed including but not limited to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is

determined by the Company based on net amount—that it expects to realise from the sale of inventory in the ordinary course of business. NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (by referring to expected or recent selling price) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The costs to complete the construction are estimated by management

(e) Fair value measurements

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument / assets. Management bases its assumptions on observable date as far as possible but this may not always be available. In that case Management uses the best relevant information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date

(f) Classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current

The Management classifies assets and liabilities into current and non-current categories based on its operating cycle.

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Machinery Mach	D	Plant and	Office	Furniture	TT 1.1.1	Computer and	(Amount in Rupees)
Bilance as at 1 April 2019		Machinery	Equipments	and Fixtures	, Vehicle*		Total
1,0,2,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,		70.00 112.20	205 25 170	20.22.566.12	00.07.014.53	1.000.00	1.00.21.050.02
December C.1.43,506.72 C.2.43,506.72 C				20,23,566.42	99,07,816.52	4,800.00	
Balance as at I April 2020			2,04,014.23	-	-	-	
Mathrison 1288,960 27,860 2,74,8500 1,74,500 44,84,840,200 1,641,340 1,640,200 2,146,840 2,146			4,69,368.83	20,23,566.42	99,07,816.52	4,800.00	1,84,85,928.43
Meditions							
Deponde					99,07,816.52		
Selance as at 3 March 2021 \$8,81,328.8 \$3,55,779.6 \$21,11,196.42 \$9,07,816.52 \$1,83,00,00 \$2,13,06,425.4 \$, .,	-	1,78,500.00	
Redunted a set I April 2009					99.07.816.52	1.83.300.00	
Selance as at 1 April 2019		03,10,202100	02,00,777.02	21,11,170.12	77,07,010.02	1,00,000.00	2,20,00,120.10
Depectation dange during the year 10,42,202.56 1,16,5551.8 2,81,385.85 5,15,921.68 2,913.90 29,580,890.90 9,995.70.25 9,995.70.25 9,995.70.25 1,06,78,238.85 2,31,710.08 3,50,277.11 66,84,887.71 3,625.29 1,06,78,238.85 2,31,710.08 2,	•	23.65.106.51	1 15 144 90	10.68.801.26	51 68 966 03	1 611 33	87 10 720 03
Disposabs 0.99.570.2 0.99						,	
Balance as at 31 March 2020 24,07,738.62 2,31,710.08 13,50,277.11 66,84,887.71 3,625.29 1,06,78,238.8 Balance as at 1April 2020 24,07,738.62 23,1710.08 13,50,277.11 66,84,887.71 3,625.29 1,06,78,238.8 1,00,8,20,20 1,00,8,20,20 1,0,0,0,0,0,0 1,0,0,0,0,0,0 1,0,0,0,0,		* *	1,10,303.10	2,01,303.03	15,15,721.00	2,013.70	
Depreciation change during the year			2,31,710.08	13,50,277.11	66,84,887.71	3,625.29	1,06,78,238.81
Depocing time charge during the year							
Disposals	=					*	1,06,78,238.81
Met carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 26,16,255.55 8,33,263.43 14,27,783.32 75,48,522.99 36,181.69 124,62,006.99 Met carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 32,31,877.33 24,22,716.18 6,83,413.10 23,59,293.53 1,47,118.31 88,44,418.44 Met carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 30,72,688.04 2,37,658.75 6,73,289.31 32,22,928.81 1,174.71 78,07,689.66 Met carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 30,72,688.04 2,37,658.75 6,73,289.31 32,22,928.81 1,174.71 78,07,689.66 March 2021 Amarch 2020 Amarch 2021	The state of the s				8,63,635.28	32,556.40	24,01,984.97
Net earrying amount as at 31 March 2021 32,31,877,33 24,22,716.18 6,83,413.10 23,59,293.53 1,47,118.31 88,44,18.4 Net earrying amount as at 31 March 2020 36,72,638.04 2,37,658.75 6,73,289.31 32,22,928.81 1,174.71 78,07,658.65 47 Chicles are hypothecated against the vehicle loan(refer note: 16.1) Note:					75 48 522 00	36 181 60	(6,18,216.80)
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 36,72,638.04 2,37,658.75 6,73,289.31 32,22,928.81 1,174.71 78,07,689.6 *Vehicles are hyporhecated against the vehicle loan(refer note: 16.1) *Note: **Carr ended** **Start ended of profit & loss (refer note 31)* **Start ended of p	Barance as at 31 Water 2021	20,10,233.33	0,55,205.45	14,21,700.02	73,40,322.77	30,101.07	1,24,02,000.76
Note: Not: Note: Note: Note: Note: Note: Note: Note: Note:							88,44,418.45
Notes	Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020	36,72,638.04	2,37,658.75	6,73,289.31	32,22,928.81	1,174.71	78,07,689.62
Particulars	*Vehicles are hypothecated against the vehicle lo	pan(refer note: 16.1)					
Particulars Year ended 31 March 200 Year ended 31 March 200 Depreciation has been charged to	Note:						(Amount in Rupees)
Depreciation has been charged to					Year ended		Year ended
- Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27)					31 March 2021		31 March 2020
Statement of profit & loss (refer note 31)		9- oshon milasud suoin	at and (notion and	37\	7.01.906.65		10.42.202.26
Total 24,01,984.97 29,58,089.08 Note 2 : OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Amount in Rupec Total Gross carrying amount Bulance as at 1 April 2019 40,800.00 Additions - Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 40,800.00 Balance as at 1 April 2020 40,800.00 Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.9 Accumulated depreciation 29,494.9 Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.00 Disposals - Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.00 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Note carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 31,447.0 <		& other related proje	ct cost (fefer flote .	21)			
Note 2: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS							29,58,089.03
Particulars Total Gross carrying amount 40,800.00 Balance as at 1 April 2019 40,800.00 Additions - Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 40,800.00 Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 2,494.9 Accumulated depreciation 2,494.9 Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Be perciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Depreciation charge during the year 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 33,226.8 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 7,573.1 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1			***************************************				······································
Section of the part of the p	·						(Amount in Rupees)
Balance as at 1 April 2019 40,800.00 Additions - Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 40,800.00 Balance as at 1 April 2020 40,800.00 Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.9 Accumulated depreciation 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 47,821.0 Note: Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 202 Depreciation has been charged to 40,000.0 40,000.0 - Cost of material construction & other related project cost (refer note 2							Totai
Additions	. 0						40,800.00
Balance as at 1 April 2020 40,800.00 Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.9 Accumulated depreciation - Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 4,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 4,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Note: Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 202 Depreciation has been charged to - - - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - - - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0							-
Balance as at 1 April 2020 40,800.00 Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.9 Accumulated depreciation 23,026.8 Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Note: Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 202 Depreciation has been charged to - - - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - - - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 10,200.0 -	Disposals						-
Additions 51,694.9 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.9 Accumulated depreciation - Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Note: Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 202 Depreciation has been charged to - - - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - - - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.00	k					-	40,800.00
Disposals Salance as at 31 March 2021 Sq.494.92 Accumulated depreciation Salance as at 1 April 2019 Sq.3026.88 Salance as at 1 April 2019 Sq.3026.88 Salance as at 31 March 2020 Sq.3026.88 Salance as at 31 March 2020 Sq.3026.89 Salance as at 31 March 2020 Sq.3026.89 Salance as at 31 March 2020 Sq.3026.89 Sq.3	Balance as at 1 April 2020						40,800.00
Palance as at 31 March 2021 92,494.92 Accumulated depreciation Palance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.84 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals							51,694.92
Accumulated depreciation Salance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals 3,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals 7,821.0 Disposals 1,222 1,223 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals 1,407.8 Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1 Note: (Amount in Rupec Particulars 1,407.0 Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27)							
Balance as at 1 April 2019 23,026.8 Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Note: (Amount in Rupectard and Americal 2020) Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - - - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - - - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0							92,494.92
Depreciation charge during the year 10,200.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1 Note: (Amount in Rupect Amount in has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss (refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss (refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss (refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, cons							23 026 84
Disposals 33,226.8 Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1 Note: (Amount in Rupector and Construction as a 20,000 31 March 2020 31 March 2020 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.00 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.00 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.00 Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of material consumed, construction & Cost of material consumed, c							•
Balance as at 31 March 2020 33,226.8 Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Note: (Amount in Rupector and the particulars of the particulars of the particulars of the particular of profit & loss (refer note 31) Year ended of the particular of profit & loss (refer note 31) 31 March 2021 - Statement of profit & loss (refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0							10,200.00
Balance as at 1 April 2020 33,226.8 Depreciation charge during the year 7,821.0 Disposals - Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1 Note: (Amount in Rupecton of State and S							33.226.84
Topogration charge during the year Topogration charge during the year Topogration charge during the year Topogration T							
Disposals 41,047.8 Balance as at 31 March 2021 41,047.8 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 51,447.0 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 7,573.1 Note:							7,821.01
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021 Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020 Note: Particulars Perticulars Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 51,447.0 7,573.1 (Amount in Rupec Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 31 March 2021	Disposals						
Note: (Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Cost of profit & loss (refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0							41,047.85
Note: (Amount in Rupec Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27)							51,447.07
Particulars Year ended 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) Year ended 31 March 2021 - 10,200.0	Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2020						7,573.16
Particulars 31 March 2021 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 31 March 2021 - 10,200.0	Note:						(Amount in Rupces)
Depreciation has been charged to - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0	Particulars						Year ended
- Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 27) - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0	Depreciation has been charged to			······································	JI MAICH 2021		51 Waren 2020
- Statement of profit & loss(refer note 31) 7,821.01 10,200.0	•	ner related project cos	st (refer note 27)		-		-
Total 7,821.01 6 0 0 10,200.0			· ,		7,821.01	- CHICAGO CO.	10,200.00
* A - A* ** * * * * * * * * * * * *	Total				7,821.01		10,200.00

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		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Unquoted, at cost, fully paid up	311144011 2021	31 Water 2020
Investments In Equity Instruments of Subsidiaries		
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Anveshan Builders Private Limited of Rs 10 each		
is then	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Adesh Realcon Private Limited of Rs		
10 each	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Navadip Developers Private Limited		
of Rs 10 each 10,000 (10,000) Equity shares of Abhas Realcon Private Limited of Rs	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
0 cach	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
Total	4,00,000.00	4,00,000.00
figures in bracket represent those of previous year		
Note 4: NON CURRENT LOANS		
- Dornald Bornald		(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	As at	As at
Security Deposits (unsecured)	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Considered good	35,03,450.00	14,62,050.00
Total	35,03,450.00	14,62,050.00
N. J. NOV. CVIDDING CONTROL TO A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH		
Note 5 : NON CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		(\max.unt in D.un.au)
D. et al.	As at	(\text{\text{Mount in Rupees}}) As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Bank deposits with maturity of more than 12 months held as margin money	52,68,000.00	56,54,809.00
Interest accrued on deposits Total	3,26,971.92 55,94,971.92	31,571.92 56,86,380.92
		03,03,000.72
Note - 6 : DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - (NET)		
The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:		
		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
At the beginning of the year	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Credit/ (Charge) to statement of profit and loss (refer note 33)	4,91,80,197.00 (82,53,201.00)	7,11,64,590.00 (2,17,65,949.00)
Credit/ (Charge) to Other comprehensive Income	(10,715.00)	(2,18,444.00)
At the end of the year	4,09,16,281.00	4,91,80,197.00
Component of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities):		
, , ,		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
Deferred Tax Asset	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Expenses Allowed On Payment Basis	20,48,474.00	17,74,939.00
Difference between book and tax base of fixed assets	13,40,045.00	12,54,653.00
Effect of his Valuation of Dayslanmont Income and transitional income of admin a CL 1 AC 445	2 (7 52 002 00	1 61 50 605 00
Effect of Fair Valuation of Development Income and transitional impact of adoption of Ind AS 115 Other	3,67,53,903.00 7,73,859.00	4,61,50,605.00
	4,09,16,281.00	4,91,80,197.00
Total		
Potal Quel	2 (SD) So Now D	& Co
Potal Quel L	2 & S.D. * (Now E	CO * STEE
Jan	New E	J <i>§</i>]

Note 7: OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

	PARTIES III	(Amount in Rupee:
Particulars	As at	As at
Prepaid Expenses	31 March 2021 25,95,342.70	31 March 2020 20,04,519.40
Total	25,95,342.70	20,04,519.4
Note 8: INVENTORIES		
NOTE 6: INVENTORIES		
	A	(Amount in Rupee
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Building Material and Consumables	5,87,70,147.43	1,06,19,011.2
and	86,52,80,295.76	9,26,10,103.7
Project In Progress Fotal	3,68,64,50,769.58	3,39,05,49,888.4
	4,61,05,01,212.77	3,49,37,79,003.4
Note 9: TRADE RECEIVABLES		
		(Amount in Rupec
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)	OI MINICH BUEL	OI MAICH 2020
Considered Good Total	6,39,13,855.51	5,94,36,243.3
i otal	6,39,13,855.51	5,94,36,243.3
N 40 CACH AND CACH FOUNDAMENTED		
Note 10 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(Amount in Rupee
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Balances With Banks:- In Current Accounts	12.04.27.700.50	1.00.04.440.7
Cheques, Drafts on Hand	12,94,37,799.59 20,74,869.00	1,22,26,669.7
Cash on Hand	8,44,344.00	5,81,886.0
Total	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79
Note 11 : OTHER BANK BALANCES		
Particulars	As at	(Amount in Rupees) As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Held As Margin Money	3,00,04,414.00	_
Total	3,00,04,414.00	-
Note 12 : CURRENT LOANS		
Particulars	As at	(Amount in Rupces) As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(Unsecured,considered good unless otherwise stated) Security Deposit		
Considered good		2,87,800.00
Total Cotal	-	2,87,800.00
ote 13 : OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS- CURRENT		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at
nterest accrued on deposits & others	2,30,700.52	31 March 2020
Advances Recoverable In Cash (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
-Holding/Fellow subsidiary companies Related Parties	1,04,89,97,523.87	1,05,78,13,346.7
included Fattles	13,49,40,000.00	-
-Others	1 51 20 074 00	K2 L 1 11 /L 11
-Holding/Fellow subsidiary companies Related Parties -Others Total	1,51,29,076.00 1,19,92,97,300.39	53,51,975.00 1,06,31,65,321.7 9

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Note - 13.1 Particulars in respect of advance recoverable in cash from related parties:

			(Amount in Rupees)
Name of Company	Nature of Relation	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiary company	=	33,92,387.92
Omaxe Buildhome limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	3,48,460.00
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiary company	69,19,50,405.00	69,20,00,000.00
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	2,01,573.00	-
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	35,68,45,545.87	36,20,72,498.87
DVM Realtors Private Limited	Entities over which key managerial personnel and their relatives exercise significant control	13,49,40,000.00	-
Total		1,18,39,37,523.87	1,05,78,13,346.79

Note 14: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Advance against goods, services and others		
- Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiary Companies	30,80,42,444.00	45,38,91,540.00
- Related Party	-	13,49,40,000.00
- Others	36,80,25,685.66	20,56,28,563.50
	67,60,68,129.66	79,44,60,103.50
Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities	7,26,33,741.67	1,42,31,547.33
Prepaid Expenses	37,08,946.96	35,50,044.74
Total	75,24,10,818.29	81,22,41,695.57

Note - 14.1
Particulars in respect of advances to related parties

Particulars in respect of advances to related parties:			(Amount in Rupees)
Name of Company	Nature of Relation	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Adesh Realcon Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	18,32,80,562.00	18,48,80,562.00
Anveshan Builders Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	3,00,14,768.00	11,92,48,135.00
Abhas Realcon Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	9,42,12,114.00	12,85,53,731.00
Navadip Developers Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	-	1,69,95,478.00
Sri Balaji Green Heights Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	4,00,000.00
Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	2,18,690.00
Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited w.e.f.(14.08.2019)	Fellow Subsidiary company	→	1,00,944.00
Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited	Subsi of Fellow Subsidiary company	-	3,73,884.00
Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Subsi of Fellow Subsidiary company	-	8,17,794.00
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	2,57,238.00
Omaxe Buildwell Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	9,70,000.00
Pancham Realcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	-	10,75,084.00
PP Devcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary company	5,35,000.00	<u></u>
DVM Realtors Private Limited	Entities over which key managerial personnel and their relatives exercise significant control	-	13,49,40,000.00
Total		30,80,42,444.00	58,88,31,540.00

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				(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars			As at	As at
			31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Authorised			,	
38,000,000 (38,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 Each			38,00,00,000,00	38,00,00,000,00
			38,00,00,000.00	38,00,00,000.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up				
38,000,000 (38,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 Each fully Paid up			38,00,00,000,00	38,00,00,000,00
Total			38,00,00,000.00	38,00,00,000.00
Figures in bracket represent those of previous year				
Note - 15.1				
Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the e	nd of the year			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		As at	A	sat
Particulars	31 M	Iarch 2021	31 Mar	ch 2020
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	Numbers	Amount in Rupees	Numbers	Amount in Rupees
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00
Shares Issued during the year				-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	~	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00	3,80,00,000	38,00,00,000.00
NI 45 0				
Note - 15.2				
Terms/rights attached to shares				

Equity

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If new equity shares, issued by the company shall be ranked pari-passu with the existing equity shares. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed if any by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

Name of Shareholder		As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
tvame of Snareholder	Number of Share held A	Amount in Rupees	Number of Share held	Amount in Rupee	
Equity Shares					
Omaxe Limited	2,85,00,000	28,50,00,000.00	2,85,00,000	28,50,00,000.00	
Note - 15.4					
Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% sha	res in equity capital of the Company				
Note - 15.4 Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% sha Equity Shares	A	As at arch 2021		s at ch 2020	
Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% sha	A	arch 2021		ch 2020	
Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% sha Equity Shares Name of Shareholder	A 31 Ma		31 Mai		
Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% sha Equity Shares	A 31 Ma Number of	arch 2021	31 Mai	ch 2020	

Note - 15.5

The company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash. The company has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of share since date of its incorporation.

					(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars		As at 31 March 2021			As at 31 March 2020
Secured .					
Ferm Loans					
Vehicle Loans		10,44,758.00			15,41,545.00
Total		10,44,758.00			15,41,545.00
Note - 16.1 Nature of security of long term borrov	vings are as under:				
	Amount O	utstanding	<u> </u>	Current Maturit	(Amount in Rupees
— Particulars	As at	As at	As at	_	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2021		31 March 2020
Secured	7			-	
Vehicle loan are secured by hypothecation of the vehicles purchased there against	17,10,236.00	24,85,269.30	6,65,478.00		9,43,724.30
Total	17,10,236.00	24,85,269.30	6,65,478.00		9,43,724.30
16.2 The year wise repayment sched	ule of long term borrow	rings :			() D
		Years wise repayment sched	dule		(Amount in Rupees
Particulars	outstanding as at 31.03.2021	with in 1 year	1 -2 year	2 -3 year	more than 3 year
Secured					
Геrm loans					
Vehicle Loan	17,10,236.00	6,65,478.00	7,71,284.00		_
Total Long Term Borrowings	17,10,236.00	6,65,478.00	7,71,284.00	2,73,474.00	
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Note 17: NON CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Security deposits received	1,30,60,560.17	1,11,25,845.40
Rebates Payable To Customers	60,99,564.66	3,43,22,719.24
Total	1,91,60,124.83	4,54,48,564.64
Note - 18: OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		
		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
Tartettiats	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Deferred Income	18,76,097.58	19,70,588.49
Total	18,76,097.58	19,70,588.49
Note 19: PROVISIONS-NON CURRENT		
		(Amount in Rupees)
D	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Leave Encashment	16,10,441.00	15,77,360.00
Gratuity	56,78,224.00	46,92,189.00
Total	72,88,665.00	62,69,549.00

Note 20: BORROWINGS-CURRENT

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Unsecured		
Loan from director (repayable on demand)	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
Intercorporate Loan	22,00,00,000.00	-
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	46,68,081.00	-
Total	22,51,68,081.00	5,00,000.00

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Note 21: CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Other Trade Payable		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises: Other Trade Payables due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	4,35,03,182.50	2,14,46,275.50
Total (A)	4,35,03,182.50	2,14,46,275.50
Total outstanding dues of creditor other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Deferred Payment Liabilities		
- In respect of development & other charges to be paid on deferred credit		
terms to authorities	39,45,20,474.00	39,45,20,474.00
Other Trade Payables		
-Fellow Subsidiary Companies	We .	2,97,251.84
- Others	21,73,07,938.16	11,00,20,226.48
Total(B)	61,18,28,412.16	50,48,37,952.32
Total(A+B)	65,53,31,594.66	52,62,84,227.82

Note - 21.1

* The information as required to be disclosed under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified by the company, on the basis of information and records available.

(Amount in Rupees) As at As at **Particulars** 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 4,35,03,182.50 2,14,46,275.50 Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006 5,48,332.00 19,45,223.00 Interest accrued and due to supplier under MSMED Act, 2006 on above amount 5,91,00,926.00 1,89,19,258.50 Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006 97,01,665.00 24,95,623.00 Interest due and payable on payment made to suppliers beyond appointed date during the year Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year 1,50,36,277.00 58,56,032.00 Interest charged to statement of profit and loss account during the year for 91,80,245.00 37,80,886.00 the purpose of disallowance under section 23 of MSMED Act, 2006

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Note 22: CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
T dittetials	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current maturities of Long term Borrowings	6,65,478.00	9,43,724.30
Interest Accrued But Not Due On Borrowings	12,188.77	15,748.96
Rebate Payable	10,25,05,326.27	21,40,37,634.82
Employees Payable	74,99,969.00	70,26,075.00
Interest On Trade Payables	15,76,20,948.00	9,23,85,464.00
Advance from Fellow Subisidiary Company	11,935.00	~
Others	10,94,40,062.68	6,21,80,134.93
Total	37,77,55,907.72	37,65,88,782.01

Note 23: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Statutory Dues Payable	1,18,17,602.00	2,19,52,678.70
Deferred income	94,490.91	94,490.91
Advance from customers and others		
From Related Parties	2,12,047.00	9,52,000.00
From Others	5,19,15,27,989.24	4,18,42,98,079.42
Total	5,20,36,52,129.15	4,20,72,97,249.03

Note 24: PROVISIONS-CURRENT

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Leave Encashment	38,719.00	37,145.00
Gratuity	1,08,390.00	89,680.00
Total	1,47,109.00	1,26,825.00

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Note 25: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Income From Real Estate Projects	21,98,12,938,98	50,37,30,132.05
Income From Trading Goods	97,63,426.00	54,45,130.00
Other Operating Income	38,91,192.40	48,39,664.58
Total	26,34,97,557.38	51,40,14,926.63

Disaggregation of revenue is as below:-

(Amount in Rupees)

	Year	Year Ended 31 March 2021		Year Ended 31 March 2020		
Nature of Revenue	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total
Real Estate Projects	24,98,42,938.98	12,77,875.40	25,11,20,814.38	50,37,30,132.05	26,06,374.58	50,63,36,506.63
Trading	97,63,426.00	-	97,63,426.00	54,45,130.00	-	54,45,130.00
Others	-	26,13,317.00	26,13,317.00	-	22,33,290.00	22,33,290.00
Total	25,96,06,364.98	38,91,192.40	26,34,97,557.38	50,91,75,262.05	48,39,664.58	51,40,14,926.63

While disclosing the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognised as revenue towards unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations, the Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind. AS 115. The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is Rs. 17,350,281,340.15 (Rs. 9,00,34,30,584.38 previous year) which is expected to be recognised as revenue in the subsequent years, however revenue to be recognised in next one year is not ascertainable due to nature of industry in which company is operating.

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Advances at beginning of the year	4,18,52,50,079.42	3,94,71,31,598.82
Add: Advances received during the year (net)	1,26,99,87,514.20	75,21,33,407.23
Less: Revenue recognised during the year	26,34,97,557.38	51,40,14,926.63
Advances at the end of the year	5,19,17,40,036.24	4,18,52,50,079.42

 Reconciliation of revenue recognised with the contracted price is as follows:
 (Amount in Rupees)

 Particulars
 Year Ended 31 March 2021
 Year Ended 31 March 2020

 Contracted price
 28,40,82,796.34
 52,85,46,728.81

 Reduction towards variable consideration components
 2,05,85,238.96
 1,45,31,802.18

 Revenue recognized
 26,34,97,557.38
 51,40,14,926.63

Note 26: OTHER INCOME

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
1 arculais	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest Income on bank deposits	6,04,640.52	56,214.51
Interest Income Others	4,14,224.00	1,68,660.00
Miscellaneous Income	11,50,208.92	10,87,668.00
Profit on sale of fixed assets	81,053.02	2,07,626.53
Gain on financial assets/liabilites carried at amortised cost	94,490.92	2,45,725.22
Liabilities no longer required written back(net)	34,297.86	19,65,965.67
Total	23,78,915.24	37,31,859.93
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Note 27 : COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED, CONSTRUCTION & OTHER RELATED PROJECT COST

	THE PARTY OF THE P	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Inventory at the Beginning of The Year	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Building Materials And Consumables	1,06,19,011.25	2 10 21 (72 2)
Land	9,26,10,103.76	3,49,31,475.31
Harci	10,32,29,115.01	7,71,98,070.76 11,21,29,546.07
Add: Incurred During The Year	10,32,29,113.01	11,21,29,540.07
Land, Development and Other Rights	77,26,70,192.00	1.53.10.022.00
Building Materials	21,69,79,499.53	1,54,12,033,00 6,44,66,686.64
Construction Cost	24,30,94,936.05	
Employee cost	3,26,60,126.00	12,86,68,452.00
Rates and taxes	9,34,522.22	3,04,72,786.56
Administration Expenses		(2,65,678.93)
Depreciation	1,58,88,414.08	4,10,42,785.94
Power & Fuel and Other Electrical Cost	7,01,806.65	10,42,202.36
Repairs And Maintenance-Plant And Machinery	(1,65,46,482.05)	92,35,235.15
Finance Cost	30,711.86	1,27,581.00
Thance Cost	6,08,05,717.13	6,25,20,191.10
Less: Inventory at the End of The Year	1,32,72,19,443.47	35,27,22,274.82
	5 07 70 477 47	1 0 4 10 0 41 0 5
Building Materials and Consumables Land	5,87,70,147.43	1,06,19,011.25
1.and	86,52,80,295.76	9,26,10,103.76
Total	92,40,50,443.19	10,32,29,115.01
Total	50,63,98,115.29	36,16,22,705.88
·		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Inventory at the Beginning of the Year	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Projects In Progress	2 20 05 40 000 40	2 40 42 20 040 52
Projects III Progress	3,39,05,49,888.48	3,49,62,39,810.53
Inventory at the End of the Very	3,39,05,49,888.48	3,49,62,39,810.53
Inventory at the End of the Year	A 400 - 1 M 1 - 1 - 1	
Projects In Progress	3,68,64,50,769.58	3,39,05,49,888.48
	3,68,64,50,769.58	3,39,05,49,888.48
Changes In Inventory	(29,59,00,881.10)	10,56,89,922.05
Note 20 . EMBLOVEE DENIERE EVDENIERO		
Note 29: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		(4)
	Year Ended	(Amount in Rupees) Year Ended
Particulars		
Salaries, Wages, Allowances And Bonus	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Contribution To Provident And Other Funds	3,32,43,487.00	3,01,88,918.00
Staff Welfare Expenses	4,08,135.00	5,11,354.00
out wente Expenses	5,45,709.00	4,51,468.56
Less: Allocated to Projects	3,41,97,331.00	3,11,51,740.56
Total	3,26,60,126.00 15,37,205.00	3,04,72,786.56 6,78,954.00
	15,57,205.00	0.78.954 10

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Particulars

Interest On

Interest On		
Term Loans	52,52,955.61	2,95,505.68
-Others	6,90,80,948.00	6,42,99,226.29
Other Borrowing Cost	15,607.88	41,946.26
Bank charges	35,39,567.51	30,94,172.17
	7,78,89,079.00	6,77,30,850.40
Less: Allocated to Projects	6,08,05,717.13	6,25,20,191.10
Total	1,70,83,361.87	52,10,659.30
Note 31: DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES		
	Year Ended	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Depreciation on tangible assets	17,00,178.32	19,15,886.67
Depreciation on Intangible assets	7,821.01	10,200.00
Total	17,07,999.33	19,26,086.67
Note 32 : OTHER EXPENSES		
	Year Ended	(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Administrative Expenses		
Short Term Lease	8,19,838.00	3,23,543.00
Rates And Taxes	3,60,596.60	18,53,111.53
Insurance	54,856.55	73,864.09
Repairs And Maintenance- Building	-	3,915.00
Repairs And Maintenance- Others	2,94,782.34	1,25,026.00
Vehicle Running And Maintenance	4,58,887.00	1,35,786.00
Travelling And Conveyance	26,38,387.00	1,26,98,586.00
Legal And Professional Charges	1,07,21,069.00	2,48,25,675.00
Printing And Stationery	5,41,253.98	
Postage, Telephone & Courier	94,954.16	6,56,881.50
Donation	1,00,000.00	2,44,577.00
Auditors' Remuneration	19,800.00	12 500 00
Bad Debts & Advances Written Off	170.72	13,500.00
Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	15,28,070.00	11,117.00
Miscellaneous Expenses		6,15,522.00
	2,83,546.57	(7,53,320.40)
Less: Allocated to Projects	1,79,16,211.92	4,08,27,783.72
2000. Infomed to Projects	1,58,88,414.08	4,10,42,785.94
Selling Expenses	20,27,797.84	(2,15,002.22)
Business Promotion	50.05.070.00	20.74.402
Commission	59,95,260.00	30,74,692.00
Advertisement And Publicity	18,95,578.00	
. Conclusion of And Cubicity	50,46,441.00 1,29,37,279.00	24,90,700.00 55,65,392.00
Less: Allocated to Projects	1,27,07,277,00	55,05,574,00
.,	1,29,37,279.00	55,65,392.00
Total	1,49,65,076.84	53,50,389.78
	2,17,03,070,04	33,30,307.76

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(Amount in Rupees)
Year Ended

31 March 2020

Year Ended

31 March 2021

Note	33 .	INCOME TA	V
INUIC	.).) .	TO NUCLEAR PARTY AND A STATE OF THE PARTY AND	^

(Amount in Rupees)

		growing an engineery
Particualrs	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current income tax	-	_
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	-	=
Deferred tax	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00
	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.17% and the reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows:

	(:	Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Accounting profit before tax	2,00,85,595.39	3,72,68,068.88
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed tax expense	50,55,143.00	93,80,373.00
Tax effect of:	, ,-	,,
Tax impact of disallowable expenses	32,57,485.00	12.88.220.00
Tax Adjustment on account of adjustment of brought forward losses and others	(83,12,628.00)	(1,06,68,593.00)
Current Tax (A)	-	-
Earlier year tax adjustment (B)	-	
Deferred Tax Provisions		
Decrease in deferred tax assets on acccount of provisions, fair valuation of	00 50 001 00	6.1 H 45 0.40 00
development income and others	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00
Total Deferred Tax Provisions (C)	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00
Tax Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss(A+B+C)	82,53,201.00	2,17,65,949.00
Effective Tax Rate	41%	58%

Note 34: EARNINGS PER SHARE

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders (Amount in Rupees) Weighted average number of equity shares Nominal value per share	1,18,32,394.39 3,80,00,000 10.00	1,55,02,119.88 3,80,00,000 10.00
Earnings per equity share		

Basic Diluted

 $0.31 \\ 0.31$

0.41 0.41

Note 35: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Amount in Rupees)

			(Amount in Rupees)
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
I	Income Tax	1,21,914.00	1,21,914.00
II	Bank Guarantees in respect of the Company	2,10,10,750.00	54,68,000.00
III	Bank Guarantee Given by Holding company namely Omaxe Limited on behalf of the Company	4,34,15,000.00	4,34,15,000.00
	The Company may be contingently liable to pay damages / interest in the process of execution of real estate and construction projects and for specific non-performance of certain agreements, the amount of which cannot presently be ascertained	Amount unascertainable	Amount unascertainable

Note 36 Balances of trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reasons as above stated.

Note 37: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

The	details of expenditure incurred on CSR are as under		(Amount in Rupees)
S.N O	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
a.	The Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year as per section 135 of Companies Act 2013 read with Schedule VII	9,24,557.98	14,84,811.30
b. c. d.	Amount spent during the year on: i) Construction/acquisition of any assets ii) On Purpose other than (i) above Unspent Amount in CSR The breakup of expenses included in amount spent are as under	15,28,070.00	6,15,522.00 8,69,289.30
	Skill Development Environment sustainability and ecological balance	- 15,28,070.00	4,38,577.00 1,76,945.00

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Note 38: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

1) Post-Employment Obligations - Gratuity

The Company provides gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees' last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied by the number of years of service. For the funded plan the Company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

As at assets

Present value of plan assets as at the end of the year Val

 Particulars
 As at 31 March 2021
 As at 31 March 2020

 Current liability
 1,08,390.00
 89,680.00

 Non-current liability
 56,78,224.00
 46,92,189.00

 Total
 57,86,614.00
 47,81,869.00

(Amount in Rupees) As at As at Changes in defined benefit obligation 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 Present value obligation as at the beginning of the year 47,81,869.00 44,44,103.00 Interest cost 3.24,689.00 3.39.974.00 Service cost 7,22,628.00 6,28,021.00 Benefit paid Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations (42.572.00)(6,30,229.00)Present value obligation as at the end of the year 57,86,614.00 47,81,869.00

(Amount in Rupees) As at As at Other Comprehensive Income 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening (17,05,569.00)(23,35,798.00)Actuarial gain/(loss) on PBO 6,30,229.00 42,572.00 Actuarial gain/(loss) for the year on Asset Unrecognised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year (16,62,997.00)(17,05,569.00)

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g	Economic Assumptions	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Discount rate	6.80%	6.79%
	Future salary increase	6.000%	6.00%

h	Demographic Assumptions	As at	As at
	2 0110 510 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	Retirement Age (Years)	58	58
	Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability	IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
	Ages	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)
	Up to 30 Years	3.00	3.00
	From 31 to 44 Years	2.00	2.00
	Above 44 Years	1.00	1.00

(Amount in Rupees)

i	Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Impact of the change in discount rate		
	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	57,86,614.00	47,81,869.00
	a) Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	(3,88,889.00)	(3,24,558.00)
Į	b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	4,28,462.00	3,58,430.00

(Amount in Rupces)

Impact of the change in salary increase	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	57,86,614.0	47,81,869.00
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	4,07,882.0	3,59,455.00
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(3,93,447.0	(3,28,328.00)

(Amount in Rupees)

			(
k	Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020	
	Year			
	0 to 1 year	1,08,390.00	89,680.00	
	1 to 2 year	2,08,938.00	94,415.00	
	2 to 3 year	1,05,839.00	1,81,348.00	
	3 to 4 year	1,02,442.00	87,174.00	
	4 to 5 year	1,03,169.00	1,10,548.00	
	5 to 6 year	1,00,132.00	84,045.00	
	6 Year onward	50,57,704.00	41,34,659.00	

1	The major categories of plan assets are as follows: (As Percentage of total Plan Assets)	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Funds Managed by Insurer	-	-

2) Leave Encashment

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Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leaves standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis. The Company does not maintain any fund to pay for leave encashment

3) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company also has defined contribution plan i.e. contributions to provident fund in India for employees. The Company makes contribution to statutory fund in accordance with Employees Provident Fund and Misc. Provision Act, 1952. This is post employment benefit and is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The provident fund contribution charged to statement of profit & loss for the year ended 31 March, 2021 amount to Rs. 3,14,463.00 (PY Rs. 3,59,915.00).

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Note 39: LEASES

Short Term Lease Payment debited to Statement of Profit and Loss Account Rs. 8,19,838.00/- pertaining to short term lease arrangement for a period of less than one year.

Note 40: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Audit fees	10,000.00	10,000.00
Certification fee	9,800.00	3,500.00
Total	19,800.00	13,500.00

Note 41: SEGMENT INFORMATION

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis of review of operations being done by the management of the Company, the operations of the Company falls under real estate business, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by management.

(Amount in Rupees)

Revenue from operations	Year Ended 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2020
Within India	26,34,97,557.38	51,40,14,926.63
Outside India	-	
Total	26,34,97,557.38	51,40,14,926.63

None of the non-current assets are held outside India.

No single customer represent 10% or more of Company's total revenue for the year ended 31st March, 2021

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Note 42: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial Assets by category

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Financial Assets			
At Amortised Cost			
Non Current			
Loans	4	35,03,450.00	14,62,050.00
Other Financial Assets	· 5	55,94,971.92	56,86,380.92
Current			
Trade Receivables	9	6,39,13,855.51	5,94,36,243.35
Cash & Cash Equivalents	10	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79
Other Bank Balances	11	3,00,04,414.00	-
Loans	12	-	2,87,800.00
Other Financial Assets	13	1,19,92,97,300.39	1,06,31,65,321.79
Total Financial Assets		1,43,46,71,004.41	1,14,28,46,351.85
Financial Liabilities			
At Amortised Cost			
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowing	16	10,44,758.00	15,41,545.00
Other Financial Liabilities	17	1,91,60,124.83	4,54,48,564.64
Current Liabilities			
Borrowing	20	22,51,68,081.00	5,00,000.00
Trade Payables	21	65,53,31,594.66	52,62,84,227.82
Other Financial Liabilities	22	37,77,55,907.72	37,65,88,782.01
Total Financial Liabilities		1,27,84,60,466.21	95,03,63,119.47

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements'.

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Financial Assets					
Non Current					
Loans	35,03,450.00	35,03,450.00	14,62,050.00	14,62,050.00	
Other Financial Assets	55,94,971.92	55,94,971.92	56,86,380.92	56,86,380.92	
Current					
Trade Receivables	6,39,13,855.51	6,39,13,855.51	5,94,36,243.35	5,94,36,243.35	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	13,23,57,012.59	13,23,57,012.59	1,28,08,555.79	1,28,08,555.79	
Other Bank Balances	3,00,04,414.00	3,00,04,414.00	-	-	
Loans	-	-	2,87,800.00	2,87,800.00	
Other Financial Assets	1,19,92,97,300.39	1,19,92,97,300.39	1,06,31,65,321.79	1,06,31,65,321.79	
Total Financial Assets	1,43,46,71,004.41	1,43,46,71,004.41	1,14,28,46,351.85	1,14,28,46,351.85	
Financial Liabilities					
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowing	10,44,758.00	10,44,758.00	15,41,545.00	15,41,545.00	
Other Financial Liabilities	1,91,60,124.83	1,91,60,124.83	4,54,48,564.64	4,54,48,564.64	
Current Liabilities					
Borrowing	22,51,68,081.00	22,51,68,081.00	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00	
Trade Payables	65,53,31,594.66	65,53,31,594.66	52,62,84,227.82	52,62,84,227.82	
Other Financial Liabilities	37,77,55,907.72	37,77,55,907.72	37,65,88,782.01	37,65,88,782.01	
Total Financial Liabilities	1,27,84,60,466.21	1,27,84,60,466.21	95,03,63,119.47	95,03,63,119.47	

For short term financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost, the carrying value is reasonable approximation of fair value.

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Note 43: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by eash and eash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Credit risk	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk		12 month expected credit loss
	Cash and cash equivalents, Other bank balances and Investments	
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

			(Amount in Rupces)
Credit rating	Particulars	As at	As at
Cicuit lating	1 attentials	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents,Other Bank Balances and Investment	16,27,61,426.59	1,32,08,555.79
B: Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables other financial assets	1,27,23,09,577.82	1,13,00,37,796.06

Concentration of trade receivables

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers spread across various states in India with no significant concentration of credit risk. The Company do not envisage any financial difficulties resulting in higher credit risk higher than usual credit term due to COVID 19 outbreak.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

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Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the financial liabilities into relevant maturity pattern based on their contractual maturities.

(Amount in Rupees)

							(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 6 years	More than 6 years	Total	Carrying Amount
As at 31 March 2021							
Long Term Borrowings	6,65,478.00	7,71,284.00	2,73,474.00	-	-	17,10,236.00	17,10,236.00
Short Term Borrowings	22.51,68,081.00	-	-	~	-	22,51,68,081.00	22,51,68,081.00
Trade Payables	65,53,31,594.66	-	-	-		65,53,31,594.66	65,53,31,594.66
Other Financial Liabilities	37.70.90,429.72	60,99,564.64	1,29,47,403.05	-	25,00,000.00	39,86,37,397.41	39,62,50,554.55
Total	1,25,82,55,583.38	68,70,848.64	1,32,20,877.05	-	25,00,000.00	1,28,08,47,309.07	1,27,84,60,466.21
As at 31 March 2020							
Long Term Borrowings	9,43,724.30	7,02,697.00	7,71,288.00	67.560.00	-	24,85,269.30	24,85,269.30
Short Term Borrowings	5,00,000.00	-	-	-	-	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
Trade Payables	52,62,84,227.82	-	-	-	-	52,62,84,227.82	52,62,84,227.82
Other Financial Liabilities	37,56,45,057.71	3,43,22,719.24	-	-	1,35,28,296.16	42,34,96,073.11	42,10,93,622.35
Total	90,33,73,009.83	3,50,25,416,24	7,71,288.00	67,560.00	1,35,28,296.16	95,27,65,570.23	95,03,63,119.47

Market risk

Interest Rate risk

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

Company's exposure to interest rate risk on borrowings is as follows:

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Variable rate		-
Fixed rate	22,68,78,317.00	29,85,269.30
Total	22,68,78,317.00	29,85,269.30

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a possible change in interest rates of \pm /- 10 o (31 March 2021: \pm /- 10 o). These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at each reporting date that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

		(Amount in Rupees)
Particulars	Profit for the year	Profit for the year
•	+1%	-1%
31 March 2021	Nil	Nil
31 March 2020	Nil	Nil

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Note 44 :Related Parties disclosures

A. Related Parties are classified as:

(a) Ultimate Holding company

1. Guild Builders Private Limited

b)Holding Company

1.Omaxe Limited

c) Fellow Subsidiary Companies / Subsidiary of fellow Subsidiary company

- 1. Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited
- 2. Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)
- 3. Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited
- 4. Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited
- 5. Omaxe Buildhome Limited
- 6. Omaxe Buildwell Limited
- 7. Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited
- 8. Omaxe Heritage Private Limited
- 9. Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited
- 10.Sri Balaji Green Heights Private Limited
- 11. Pancham Realcon Private Limited
- 12.PP Devcon Private Limited
- 13. Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited
- 14. Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited

d) Subsidiary Companies

- 1. Adesh Realcon Private Limited
- 2. Anveshan Builders Private Limited
- 3. Abhas Realcon Private Limited
- 4. Navadip Developers Private Limited

e) Entities over which key mangerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control.

- 1. Subodh Buildwell Private Limited
- 2. DVM Realtors Private Limited

f) Key Managerial Personnel

1.Parmod Kumar

g) Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel

1. Nupur Gupta

2.Himanshu Gupta

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(B) TRANSACTION DURING THE YEAR WITH RELATED PARTIES:

(Amount	in	Rungach	
MINUTUIL	211	Unneed	

	Nature of Transactions	Particular	Holding Company/ Fellow Subsidiaries/ Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries Company	Subsidiaries	Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control	Key Managerial Personnel/Directors/ CEO & Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel	Total
1	Income from trading goods	31-Mar-21	15,54,729.00	-	-	-	15,54,729.00
	moone non trading goods	31-Mar-20	44,39,252.00	-	-	-	44,39,252.00
2	Sale of fixed assets	31-Mar-21	5,75,200.00	-	-	-	5,75,200.00
-	Sale of fixed assets	31-Mar-20	16,31,875.00	-	-	-	16,31,875.00
3	Lease rent received	31-Mar-21	36,000.00				36,000.00
		31-Mar-20	3,000.00	-			3,000.00
4	Land Purchase	31-Mar-21	17,38,750.00	14,16,03,972.00	-	-	14,33,42,722.00
	Land Fulcilase	31-Mar-20	-	-	-	-	-
5	Purchase of fixed assets	31-Mar-21	7,54,100.00	-	-	-	7,54,100.00
	ruicilase of fixed assets	31-Mar-20	20,99,440.00	-	-	-	20,99,440.00
6	Duilding state sigl a walk	31-Mar-21	43,94,902.00		_	-	43,94,902.00
Ů.	Building material purchases	31-Mar-20	3,16,12,158.00	-	-	-	3,16,12,158.00
7	Pomunoration	31-Mar-21	-	-	-	48,00,000.00	48,00,000.00
	Remuneration	31-Mar-20	-	-	-	44,25,000.00	44,25,000.00

(Amount in Runees)

							(Amount in Rupees)
S.No.	Nature of Transactions	Year ended	Holding Company/ Fellow Subsidiaries/ Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries Company	Subsidiaries	Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control	Key Managerial Personnel/Directors/ CEO & Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel	Total
Balance	Balances as at 31st march, 2021						
1	Loans & advances recoverable	31-Mar-21	1,04,95,32,523.87	30,75,07,444.00	13,49,40,000.00	-	1,49,19,79,967.87
		31-Mar-20	1,06,20,26,980.79	44,96,77,906.00	13,49,40,000.00	-	1,64,66,44,886.79
2	Closing Balance of Loan received	31-Mar-21				5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
		31-Mar-20				5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
3	Trade payables	31-Mar-21	-	-	-	-	-
	Trade payables	31-Mar-20	2,97,251.84		-	-	2,97,251.84
4	Advances/balance outstanding	31-Mar-21	2,23,982.00	-	-	6,20,600.00	8,44,582.00
		31-Mar-20	-	-	9,52,000.00	6,14,731.00	15,66,731.00
5	Bank guarantees	31-Mar-21	15,25,95,000.00	-	-	-	15,25,95,000.00
	pank guarantees	31-Mar-20	15,25,95,000.00		_	-	15,25,95,000.00

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) DISCLOSURE IN RESPECT OF MAJOR RELATED PARTY TRAI			(Amount in Rupees
	Particular	Relationship	2020-21	2019-20
1	Income from trading goods			
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	7.02.707.00	24 20 447 00
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Holding Company	7,92,797.00	31,28,117.00
	Omaxe Buildhome Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries	27,387.00	1,92,266.00
	Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited		50,838.00	-
	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,19,608.00	-
	Omaxe Forest spa and Hills developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,52,348.00	2,92,230.00
	Omaxe Heritage Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1,80,787.00	1,32,459.00
	Omaxe Heritage Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	30,964.00	-
	Dhama Informatid Dubata Live's at	Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries		
_	Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Company	-	6,94,180.00
2	Sale of fixed assets			
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	80,700.00	16,31,875.00
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	60,000.00	10,31,873.00
	Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1,20,000.00	
	Omaxe Heritage Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,92,000.00	
		Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries	2,32,000.00	
	Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Company	22,500.00	_
	The state of the s	Company	22,300.00	
3	Lease rent received			
	Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited	Follow Cubaidiania	26,000,00	2 000 00
	Traital Builders and Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	36,000.00	3,000.00
4	Land purchase			
	Abhas Realcon Private Limited	Subsidiaries	3,46,01,125.00	-
	Anveshan Builders Private Limtied	Subsidiaries	8,99,07,675.00	
	Navadip Developers Private Limited	Subsidiaries	1,70,95,172.00	-
	Sri Balaji Green Heights Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	17,38,750.00	_
5	Purchase of fixed assets		V1///VII	
	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	88,000.00	8,14,660.00
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	6,48,100.00	10,41,950.00
_	Omaxe Buildhome limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	18,000.00	2,42,830.00
6	Building material purchases			
Ť	Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	12,08,479.00	3,05,15,800.00
	Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	8,06,564.00	1,20,086.00
_	Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(Formerly Known as	T CHOW Subsidiaries	8,00,304.00	1,20,080.00
	Garv Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	92,867.00	
	Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	11,77,889.00	3,09,494.00
_	Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	30,834.00	3,09,525.00
	Omaxe Forest spa and Hills developers Limtied	Fellow Subsidiaries	10,78,269.00	3,57,253.00
_				
7	Remuneration			
Ć		Relative of key managerial		77.4
	Nupur Gupta	person	12,00,000.00	11,25,000.00
	,	Relative of key managerial	12,00,000.00	11,23,000.00
	Himanshu Gupta	person	36,00,000.00	33,00,000.00
		PCI30II	30,00,000.00	33,00,000.00

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BALANCES AS AT 31st MARCH, 2021			
Particular	Relationship	2020-21	2019-20
1 Loans & advances recoverable			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	35,68,45,545.87	36,20,72,498.87
Sri Balaji Green Heights Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	4,00,000.00
Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	2,18,690.00
Omaxe Forest spa and Hills developers Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	33,92,387.92
Omaxe Buildhome limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	3,48,460.00
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited(Formerly Known as			
Garv Buildtech Private Limited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	60 10 50 405 00	CO 30 00 000 00
Omaxe Buildwell Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	69,19,50,405.00	69,20,00,000.00
Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2.01.572.00	9,70,000.00
PP Devcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,01,573.00	2,57,238.00
Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	5,35,000.00	1.00.044.00
	osidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries	-	1,00,944.00
Omaxe India Trade Center Private Limited	Company	-	3,73,884.00
	osidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries		
Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited	Company	-	8,17,794.00
Pancham Realcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	10,75,084.00
Adesh Realcon Private Limited	Subsidiarles	18,32,80,562.00	18,48,80,562.00
Anveshan Builders Private Limtied	Subsidiaries	3,00,14,768.00	11,92,48,135.00
Abhas Realcon Private Limited	Subsidiaries	9,42,12,114.00	12,85,53,731.00
Navadip Developers Private Limited	Subsidiaries	-	1,69,95,478.00
	Entities over which key		
	nanagerial personnel and/or		
the	eir relatives exercise significant		
Dvm Realtors Private Limited	control	13,49,40,000.00	13,49,40,000.00
2 Closing Balance of Loan received			
Parmod Kumar	Key Managerial Personnel	5,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
3 Trade Payables			
Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	2,97,251.84
4 Advances/balance outstanding			
Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	8,000.00	-
Hartal Builders and Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2,12,047.00	-
Omaxe Forest spa and Hills developers Limtied	Fellow Subsidiaries	3,935.00	-
Nupur Gupta	Relative of key managerial	1,72,700.00	1,72,771.00
Himanshu Gupta	Relative of key managerial	4,47,900.00	4,41,960.00
	Entities over which key		
l n	nanagerial personnel and/or		
I I	ir relatives exercise significant		
Subodh Buildwell Private Limited	control	_	9,52,000.00
			3,32,000.00
5 Bank guarantees			
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company	15,25,95,000.00	15,25,95,000.00

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Note 45 : CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

(a) Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity plus its subordinated loan, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the statement of financial position and cash flow hedges recognised in other comprehensive income.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the

underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital

to shareholders or issue new shares. The amounts managed as capital by the Company are summarised as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Long term borrowings	17,10,236.00	24,85,269.30
Short term borrowings	22,51,68,081.00	5,00,000.00
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(13,23,57,012.59)	(1,28,08,555.79)
Net debt	9,45,21,304.41	(98,23,286.49)
Total equity	36,20,44,290.84	35,01,80,039.45
Net debt to equity ratio	0.26	-

Note 46: The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) pendemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The management of the Company have made its own assessment of impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on business operations of the Company and have concluded that no adjustments are required to be made in the financial statement as it does not impact current financial year. However, the situation with COVID-19 is still evolving. Also the various preventive measures taken by Government of India are still in force leading to highly uncertain economic environment. Due to these circumstances, the management's assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is dependent upon the circumstances as they evolve. The Company continues to monitor the impact of COVID-19 on its business including its impact on customer, associates, contractors, vendors etc.

Note 47: STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new Indian Accounting Standard or amendment there to. There is no such notification which would have been made applicable from 01.04.2021.

Note 48: The Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable with current year figures.

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements. As per our audit report of even date attached

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For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD & Co.

(Regn. No. -0003**125)** Chartered Accountants

Suiata Sharma

Partner

M.No. 087919

Pavan Agarwal

Director

DIN: 02295157

Parmod Kumar

Director

DIN: 01484427

Place: New Delhi Date: 26 June 2021

of theoutive officer

Adum/Kuimar Gupta Chief Financial officer Payal Sharma

Company Secretary